2016 WTFRC APPLE PESTICIDE RESIDUE STUDY

For the sixth consecutive year, the Washington Tree Fruit Research Commission (WTFRC) conducted a trial to evaluate pesticide residues on 'Gala' apples. Thirteen insecticide/acaricides and seven fungicides were applied using a Rears airblast sprayer according to either an "aggressive" (maximum label rates at minimum retreatment and pre-harvest intervals) or "standard" (typical industry rates and timings) protocol. Products evaluated for the first time in 2016 included Delegate WG and Rimon. Plots from both protocols were divided for one of three additional factorial treatments:

1. Overhead cooling 2. Raynox (Pace Intl.), a waxy sunburn protectant or 3. Eclipse (D & M Chem), a calcium carbonate and boron fertilizer with sunburn protective properties. Raynox and Eclipse were applied according to their respective label specifications. One plot also received the aggressive spray protocol with no additional treatment (control). Fruit samples were delivered the day after harvest to Pacific Agricultural Labs (Sherwood, OR) for chemical analysis.



Raynox (C), and Eclipse (R) at harvest

Measured residues vs. maximum residue levels (MRLs) for uniformly applied STANDARD industry pesticide programs utilizing typical rates, timings, and retreatment intervals on apples with overhead cooling (OHC), Raynox (320 oz/a) or Eclipse (3 gal/a) applied at 35 and 14 days before harvest (dbh). 'Gala'/M.9 Nic.29, Rock Island, WA. WTFRC 2016.

| | | Application | Application | онс | Raynox treated | Eclipse treated | US | Lowest export |
|----------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|--------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Chemical name | Trade name | rate | timing(s) | fruit | fruit | fruit | MRL ¹ | MRL ¹ |
| | | oz per acre | dbh | ррт | ррт | ррт | ррт | ррт |
| Spirotetramat | Ultor | 14 | 35 | 0.035 | 0.049 | 0.047 | 0.7 | 0.7 (many) |
| Etoxazole | Zeal | 2 | 35 | 0.013 | 0.013 | 0.018 | 0.2 | 0.07 (many) |
| Spirodiclofen | Envidor 2SC | 18 | 35 | 0.043 | 0.052 | 0.047 | 0.8 | 0.8 (many) |
| Myclobutanil | Rally 40WSP | 10 | 35 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 0.13 | 0.5 | 0.5 (many) |
| Emamectin benzoate | Proclaim | 4.8 | 35 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | 0.025 | 0.02 (many) |
| Metrafenone | Vivando | 15.4 | 35 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | 1.5 | 0.01 (EU, UAE) |
| Fluxapyroxad | Merivon | 5.5 | 35 | 0.014 | 0.022 | 0.020 | 0.8 | 0.8 (CAN,MEX) |
| Pyraclostrobin | Merivon | 5.5 | 35 | 0.010 | 0.011 | 0.012 | 1.5 | 0.5 (many) |
| Spinetoram | Delegate WG | 7 | 35 & 21 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | 0.2 | 0.05 (many) |
| Cyantraniliprole | Exirel | 13.5 | 35 & 21 | 0.041 | 0.061 | 0.076 | 1.5 | 0.8 (many) |
| Spinosad | Entrust | 3 | 35 & 21 | 0.034 | 0.024 | 0.024 | 0.2 | 0.1 (many) |
| Cyflumetofen | Nealta | 13.7 | 35 & 21 | 0.023 | 0.022 | 0.018 | 0.3 | 0.3 (CAN,MEX) |
| Novaluron | Rimon | 32 | 35 & 21 | 0.10 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 3 | 2 (CAN,TAI) |
| Difenoconazole | Inspire Super | 12 | 28 | 0.059 | 0.047 | 0.058 | 5 | 0.01 (India) |
| Cyprodinil | Inspire Super | 12 | 28 | 0.097 | 0.082 | 0.095 | 1.7 | 0.05 (VN, INDO) |
| Flutriafol | Topguard | 10 | 28 | 0.019 | 0.024 | 0.029 | 0.4 | 0.2 (Hong Kong) |
| Bifenazate | Acramite | 16 | 28 | 0.034 | 0.052 | 0.046 | 0.7 | 0.2 (China) |
| Hexythiazox | Onager | 20 | 28 | 0.054 | 0.049 | 0.052 | 0.4 | 0.4 (many) |
| Pyridaben | Nexter | 6.6 | 28 | 0.029 | 0.036 | 0.032 | 0.5 | 0.5 (many) |
| Ziram* | Ziram 76DF | 96 | 21 | < 0.1 | < 0.1 | 0.13 | 7 | 2.5 (Taiwan) |
| Fenpropathrin | Danitol | 18 | 14 | 0.16 | 0.18 | 0.17 | 5 | 0.5 (Taiwan) |
| Thiophanate-methyl** | Topsin 4.5FL | 16 | 14 | 0.126 | 0.220 | 0.163 | 2 | 3 (many) |

¹ Top markets for WA apples with established MRLs; 15 Sep 2016. <u>http://www.nwhort.org/Apple/MRLs.html, https://www.globalmrl.com/</u>

* Dithiocarbamate residues cannot be directly measured; total Ziram values are estimates based on analysis of the degradation product CS2

** Thiophanate-methyl values reported are sum totals of thiophanate-methyl and carbenzadim residues

Results of this lone unreplicated trial are shared for informational purposes only and should not be construed as endorsements of any product, reflections of their efficacy against sunburn, any insect, acarid, or fungal pest, or a guarantee of similar results regarding residues for any user. Apple growers should consult their university extension staff, crop advisors, and warehouses to develop responsible pest control programs.

TRIAL DETAILS

- 9th leaf 'Pacific' Gala / M.9 Nic.29 trained to central leader/spindle on 3' x 10' spacing
- 2 x 25 gal Rears Pak-Blast sprayer calibrated to 100 gal / acre
- All pesticides applied with 8 oz Regulaid / 100 gal water / acre
- 0.22 total inches precipitation recorded during trial: 0.06" on July 17, 0.12" on July 18, 0.02" on July 22, & 0.02" on Aug 8
- Overhead cooling settings: 15 min. on/15 min. off from noon to 6PM from start of trial (July 13) to harvest (Aug 17) at a rate of 0.11"/hour for an approx. total of 11" of water applied throughout the study

Measured residues vs. maximum residue levels (MRLs) for uniformly applied AGGRESSIVE pesticide programs utilizing maximum rates, and minimum preharvest and retreatment intervals on apples with no additional treatment (Control), overhead cooling (OHC), Raynox (320 oz/a) or Eclipse (3 gal/a) applied at 35 and 14 dbh. 'Gala'/M.9 Nic.29, Rock Island, WA. WTFRC 2016.

| | | | | | | Raynox | Eclipse | | |
|----------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------|--------|---------|---------|------------------|------------------|
| | | Application | Application | Control | OHC | treated | treated | US | Lowest export |
| Chemical name | Trade name | rate | timing(s) | fruit | fruit | fruit | fruit | MRL ¹ | MRL ¹ |
| | | oz per acre | dbh | ррт | ррт | ррт | ррт | ррт | ррт |
| Hexythiazox | Onager | 24 | 28 | 0.089 | 0.063 | 0.077 | 0.059 | 0.4 | 0.4 (many) |
| Pyridaben | Nexter | 10.67 | 28 | 0.038 | 0.035 | 0.040 | 0.037 | 0.5 | 0.5 (many) |
| Flutriafol | Topguard | 12 | 28 & 14 | 0.13 | 0.059 | 0.096 | 0.095 | 0.4 | 0.2 (Hong Kong) |
| Fenpropathrin | Danitol | 21.3 | 28 & 14 | 0.54 | 0.39 | 0.51 | 0.38 | 5 | 0.5 (Taiwan) |
| Novaluron | Rimon | 50 | 28 & 14 | 0.63 | 0.47 | 0.54 | 0.52 | 3 | 2 (CAN,TAI) |
| Difenoconazole | Inspire Super | 12 | 21 & 14 | 0.05 | 0.026 | 0.037 | 0.042 | 5 | 0.01 (India) |
| Cyprodinil | Inspire Super | 12 | 21 & 14 | 0.083 | 0.059 | 0.062 | 0.061 | 1.7 | 0.05 (VN, INDO) |
| Emamectin benzoate | Proclaim | 4.8 | 21 & 14 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | 0.025 | 0.02 (many) |
| Myclobutanil | Rally 40WSP | 10 | 21 & 14 | 0.14 | 0.075 | 0.12 | 0.16 | 0.5 | 0.5 (many) |
| Spirotetramat | Ultor | 14 | 21 & 7 | 0.100 | 0.047 | 0.076 | 0.087 | 0.7 | 0.7 (many) |
| Cyflumetofen | Nealta | 13.7 | 21 & 7 | 0.079 | 0.054 | 0.068 | 0.055 | 0.3 | 0.3 (CAN,MEX) |
| Spinosad | Entrust | 3 | 21 & 7 | 0.075 | 0.062 | 0.065 | 0.061 | 0.2 | 0.1 (many) |
| Etoxazole | Zeal | 3 | 14 | 0.059 | 0.039 | 0.041 | 0.052 | 0.2 | 0.07 (many) |
| Ziram* | Ziram 76DF | 128 | 14 | 2.4 | 0.85 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 7 | 2.5 (Taiwan) |
| Metrafenone | Vivando | 15.4 | 14 & 7 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | < 0.01 | 1.5 | 0.01 (EU, UAE) |
| Spinetoram | Delegate WG | 7 | 14 & 7 | 0.043 | 0.023 | 0.034 | 0.025 | 0.2 | 0.05 (many) |
| Cyantraniliprole | Exirel | 20.5 | 14 & 5 | 0.60 | 0.34 | 0.55 | 0.49 | 1.5 | 0.8 (many) |
| Spirodiclofen | Envidor 2SC | 18 | 7 | 0.19 | 0.16 | 0.18 | 0.15 | 0.8 | 0.8 (many) |
| Bifenazate | Acramite | 16 | 7 | 0.065 | 0.036 | 0.038 | 0.040 | 0.7 | 0.2 (China) |
| Thiophanate-methyl** | Topsin 4.5FL | 20 | 7&1 | 0.83 | 0.45 | 0.83 | 0.65 | 2 | 3 (many) |
| Pyraclostrobin | Merivon | 5.5 | 7&1 | 0.18 | 0.14 | 0.18 | 0.15 | 1.5 | 0.5 (many) |
| Fluxapyroxad | Merivon | 5.5 | 7&1 | 0.24 | 0.16 | 0.22 | 0.20 | 0.8 | 0.8 (CAN,MEX) |

¹ Top markets for WA apples with established MRLs; 15 Sep 2016. <u>http://www.nwhort.org/AppleMRLs.html, https://www.globalmrl.com/</u>

* Dithiocarbamate residues cannot be directly measured; total Ziram values are estimates based on analysis of the degradation product CS2

** Thiophanate-methyl values reported are sum totals of thiophanate-methyl and carbenzadim residues

CONCLUSIONS

As we have seen consistently throughout these studies, pesticide residues from all treatments were safely below the maximum tolerances set by the US Evironmental Protection Agency for domestic apples. Our results suggest that growers hoping to export their apples to India, Vietnam, or Indonesia should avoid use of Inspire Super because those markets set such conservative standards for residues of cyprodinil and/or difenoconazole. Further, aggressive use of Danitol could be problematic for apples being shipped to Taiwan. After three years of comparing overhead cooling, Raynox, and Eclipse, the effects of these sunburn management strategies on pesticide residues remain unclear; while overhead cooling sometimes reduces the persistence of some chemical residues, our results

have been far too inconsistent to draw any broad conclusions. Reports from previous pesticide residue studies on apple and cherry which provide a broader context for these results are available on the WTFRC website at <u>www.treefruitresearch.com</u>. For more resources on MRLs, visit the Northwest Horticultural Council website, <u>www.nwhort.org</u>.



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